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The 2nd SPARC Japan Seminar 2014 "Institutional Open Access Policy: toward the development of Japanese models"

Current Status of Open Access Policy

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Outline

- I. OA policy in scholarly communication
- 2. Current Status of OA policy
 - I. ROARMAP and Sherpa/Juliet
 - 2. University OA policy
 - 3. Government and Funder's OA policy
- 3. Summary

OA Policy: 7 benefits (SPARC Europe 2014)

- I. Systematic contribution to the greater worldwide visibility
- 2. Increase institution's ranking position
- 3. Faster innovative and economic growth
- 4. Stimulate new research partnerships and project collaborations, research income
- 5. Increase value of institution's knowledge
- 6. Increase the social impact and reputation of institution
- 7. Demonstrate institutional commitment to OA and Open Science

Open Access Policy

Policy

- a course of principle and procedure adopted or proposed by a organization, or individual to solve problems
 - Goal, Target, Procedure

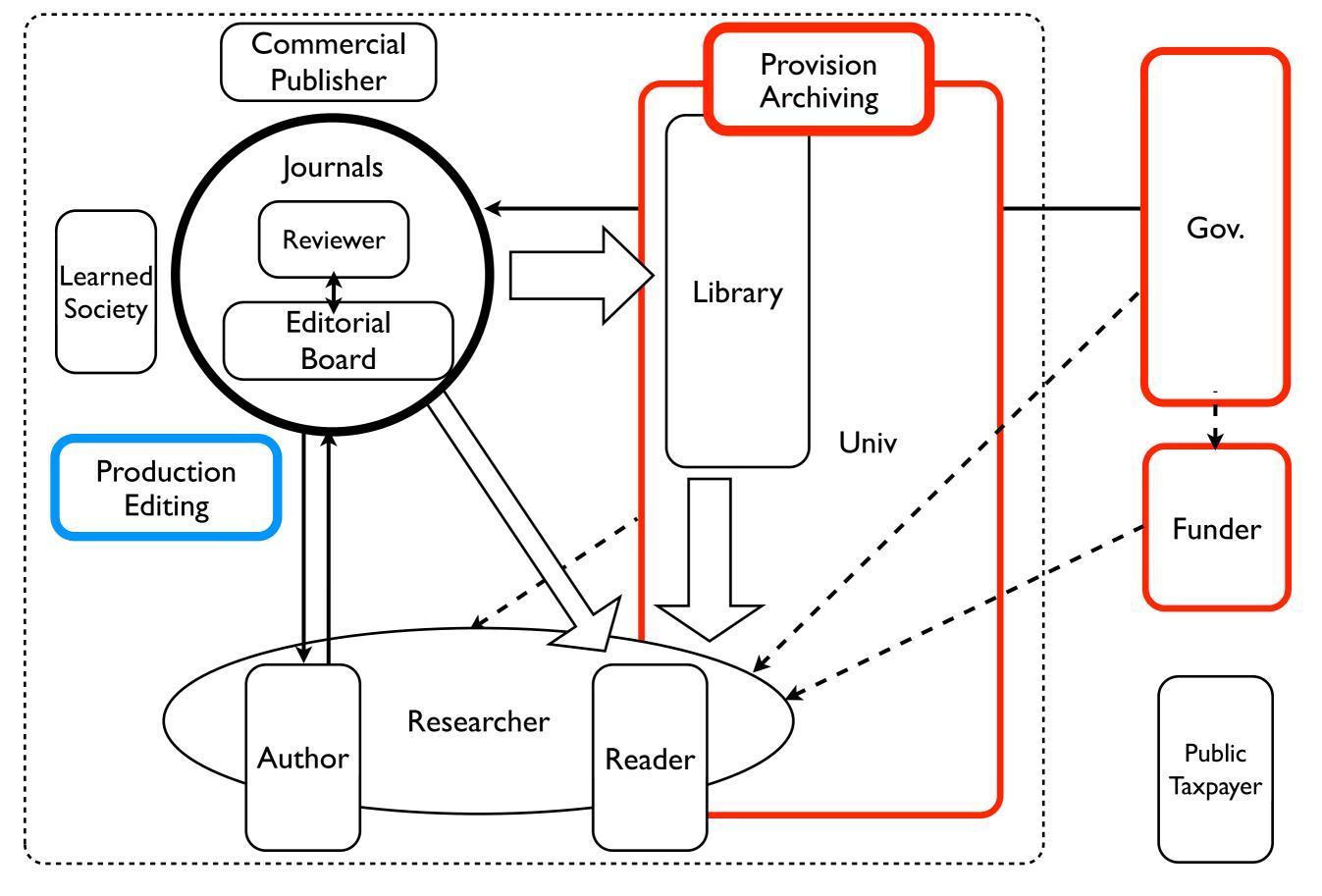
"Open Access" Policy

 a course of principle and procedure adopted or proposed by a organization, or individual to solve
 Open Access-related problems

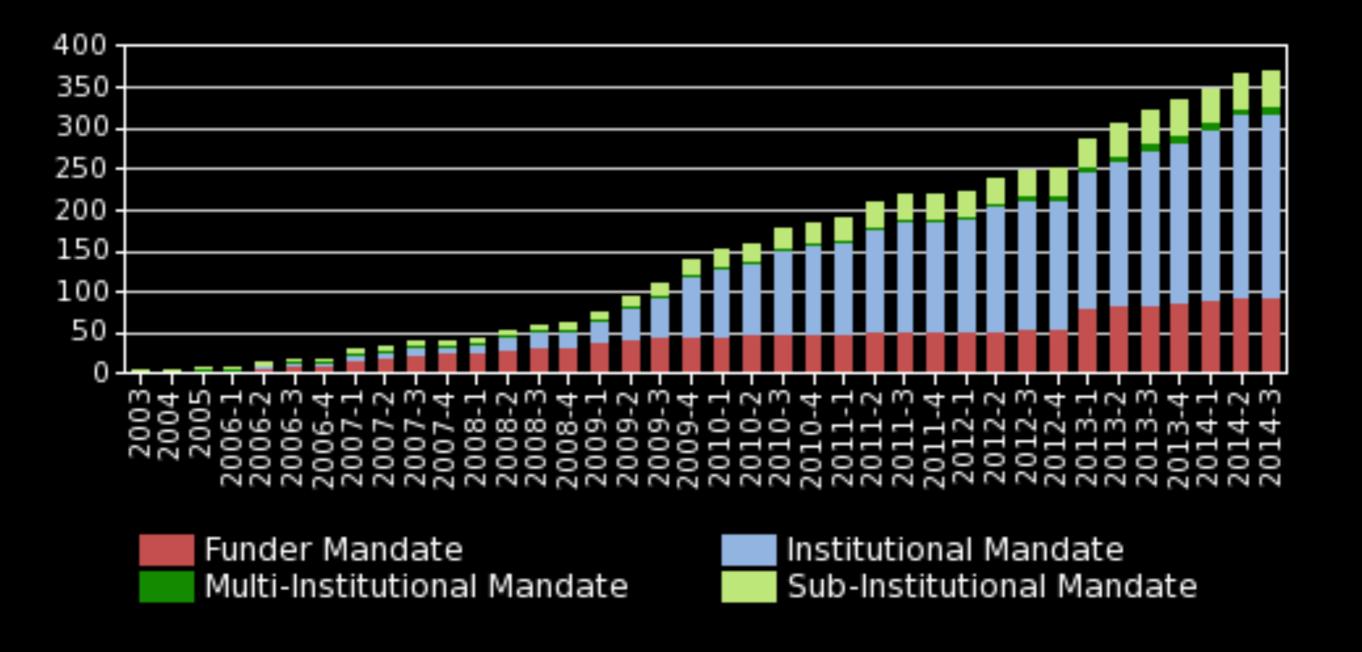
Stakeholders in OA policy

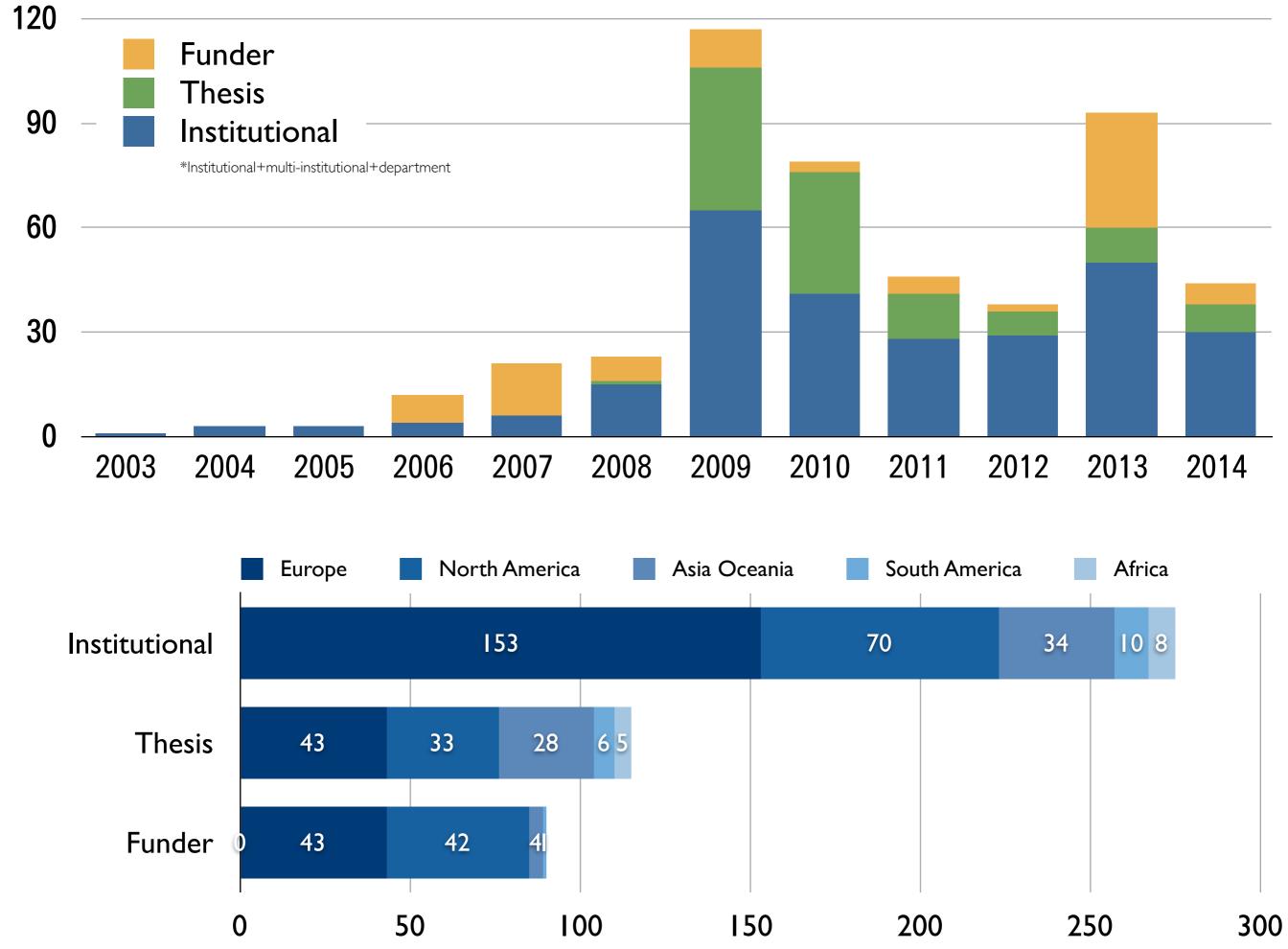
- Researcher
- University
- Library
- Government
- Funder
- Learned Society/Commercial Publisher

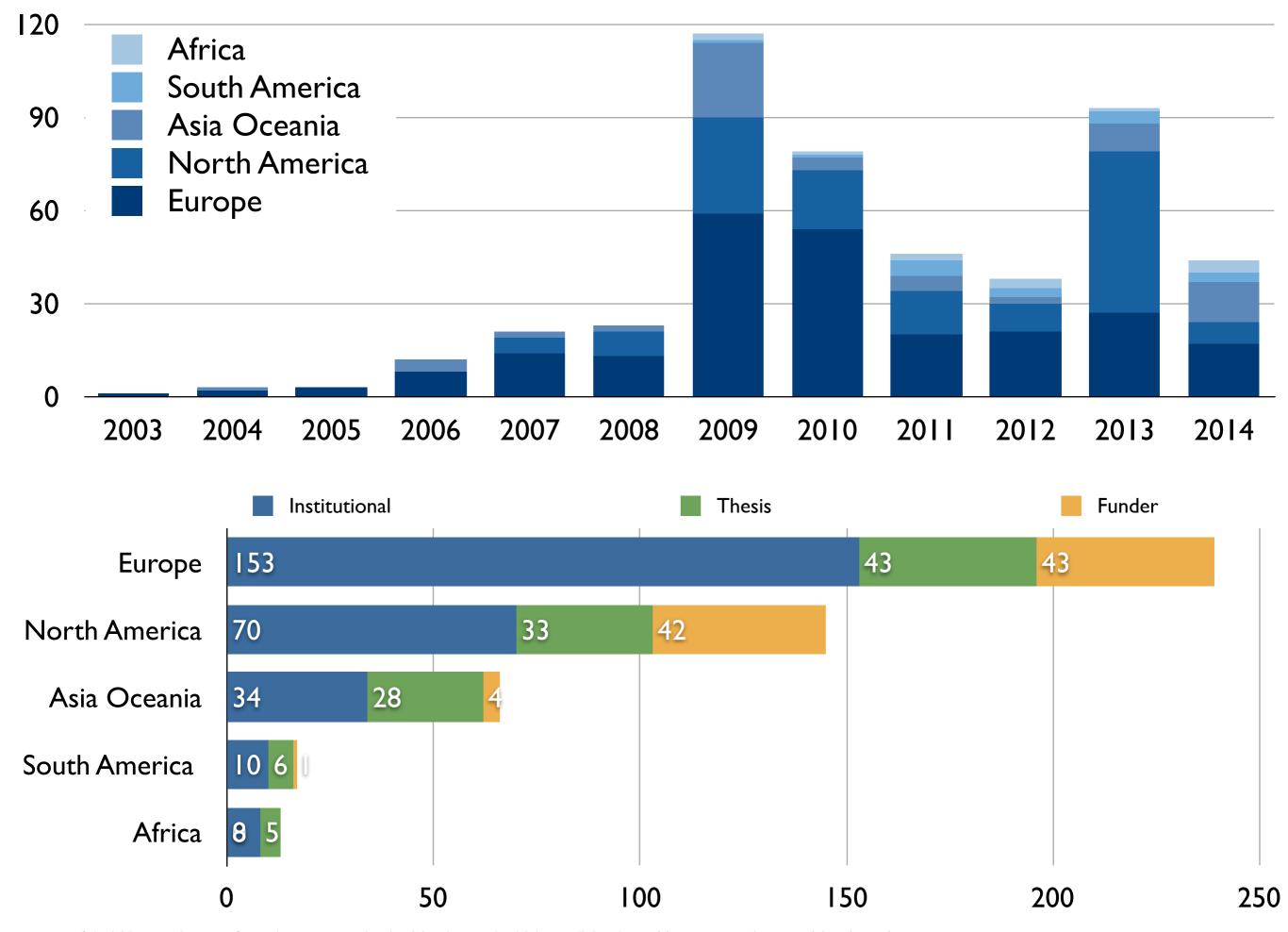
Public/Taxpayer

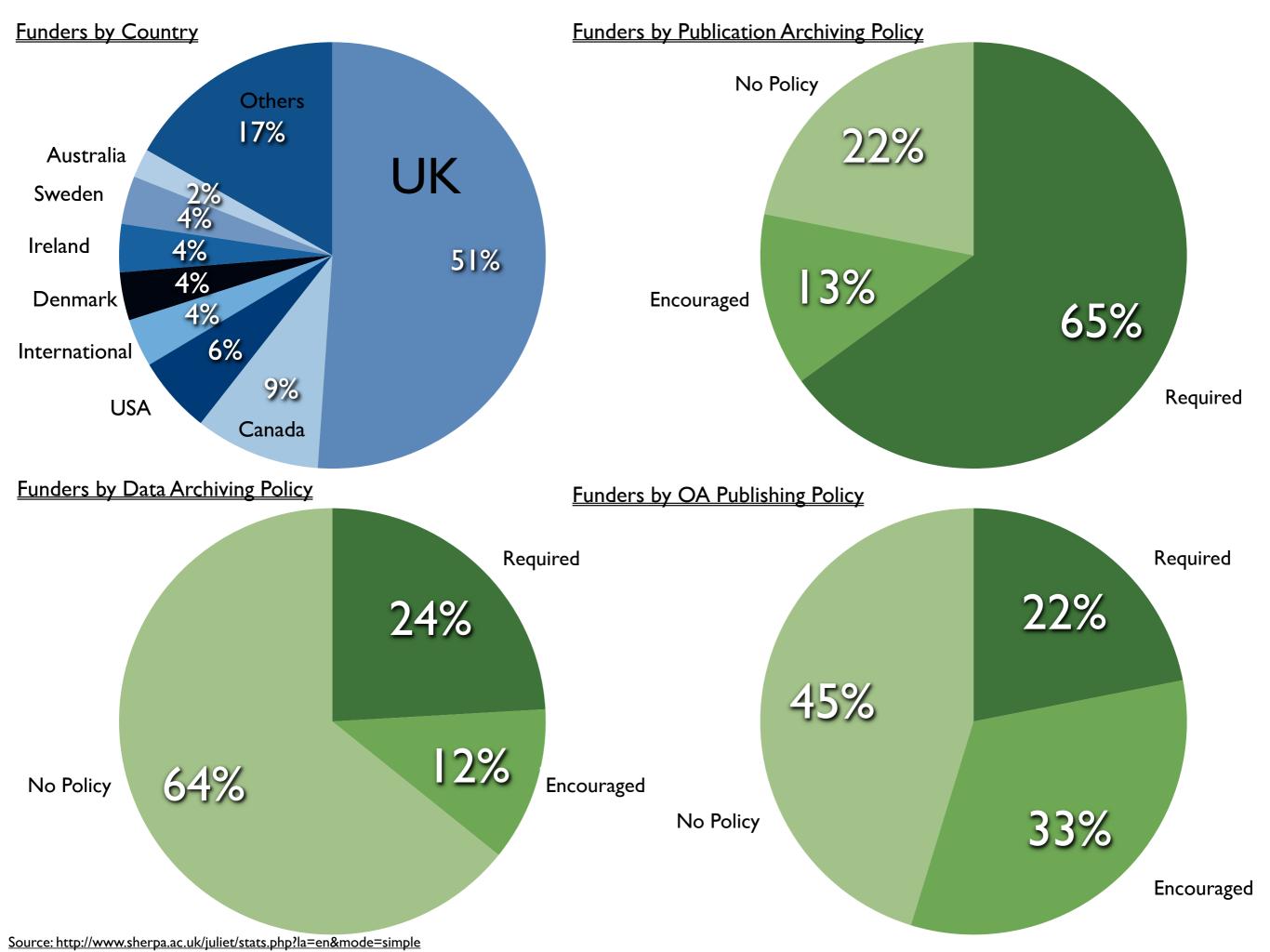


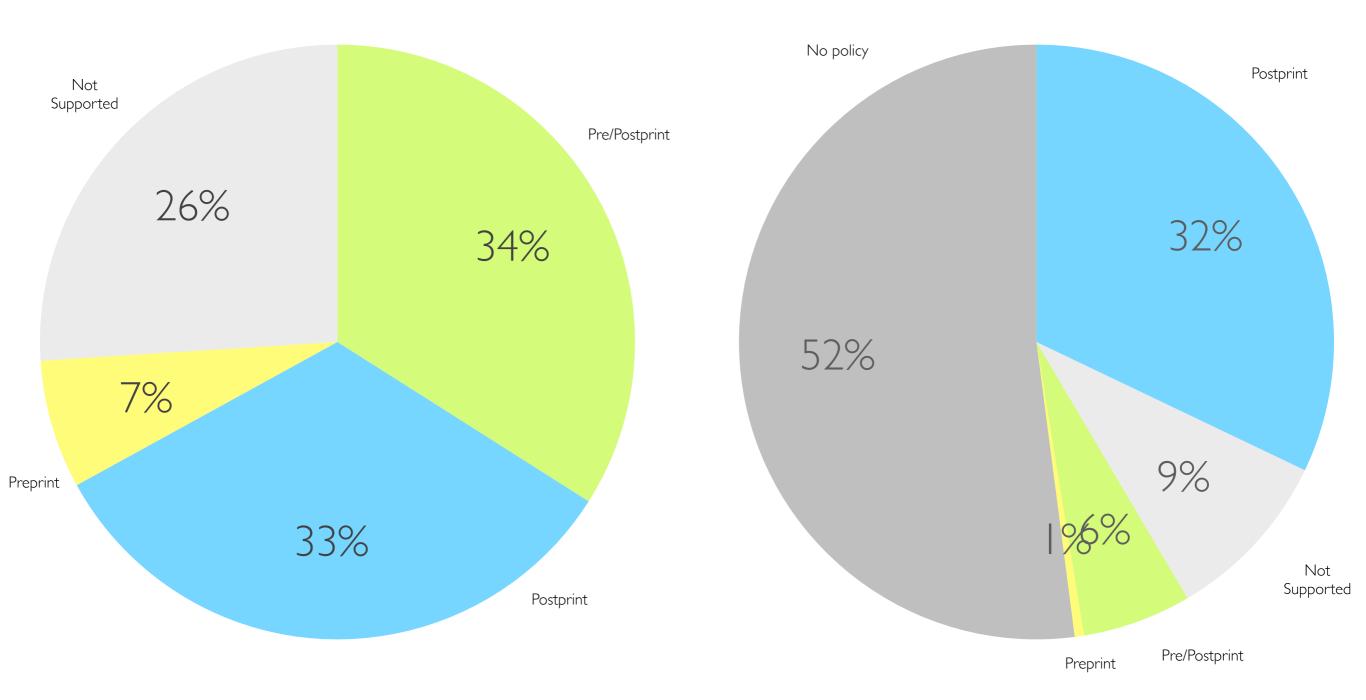
Basic Model of Scholarly Communication









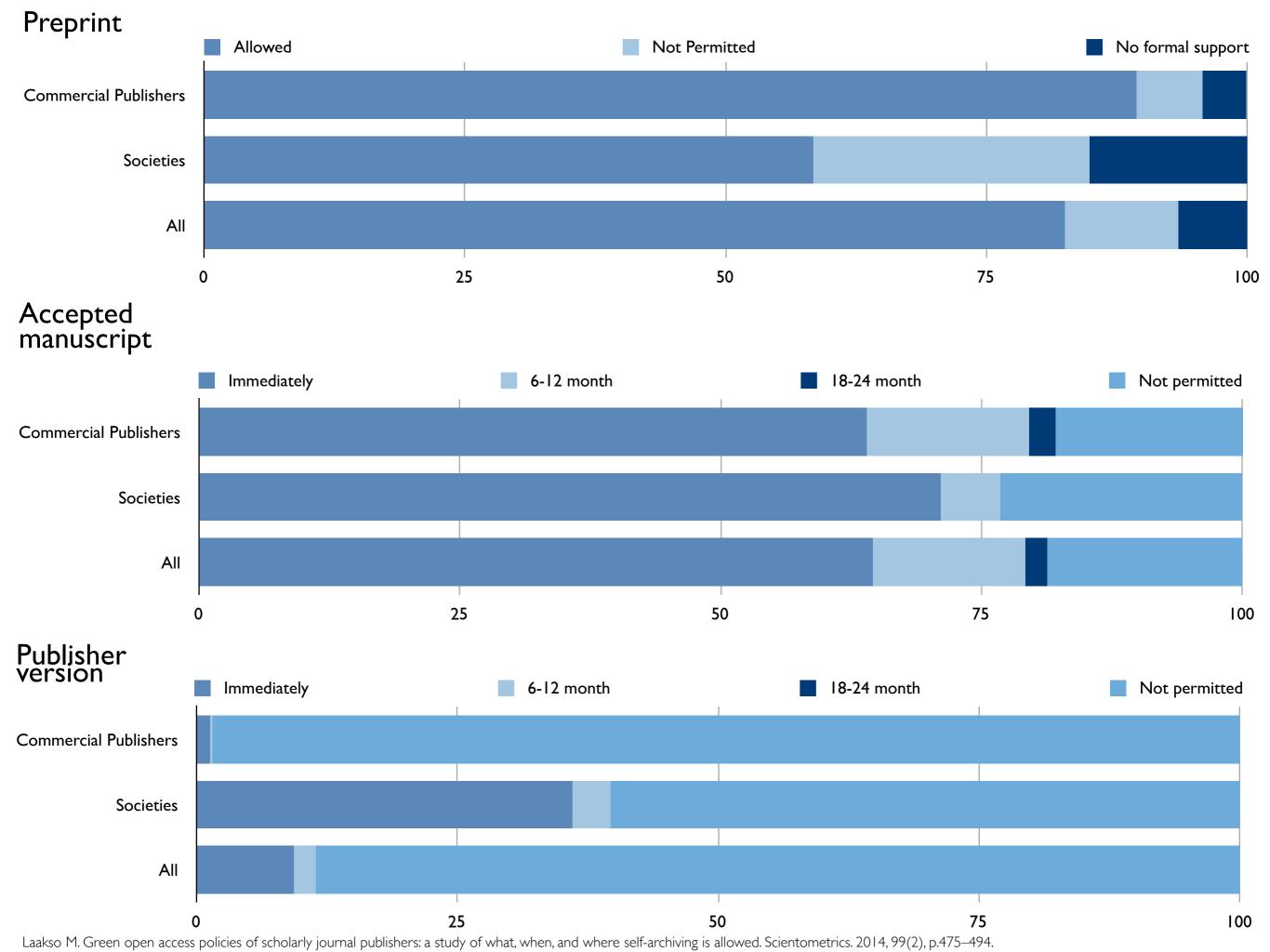


Publishers' Self-archiving Policy (RoMEO)

RoMEO Statistics Statistics for the 1681 publishers in the RoMEO database. http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/statistics.php?la=en&flDnum=|&mode=simple

Publishers' Self-archiving Policy (SCPJ)

Society Copyright Policies in Japan. http://scpj.tulips.tsukuba.ac.jp/info/stat



University OA policy

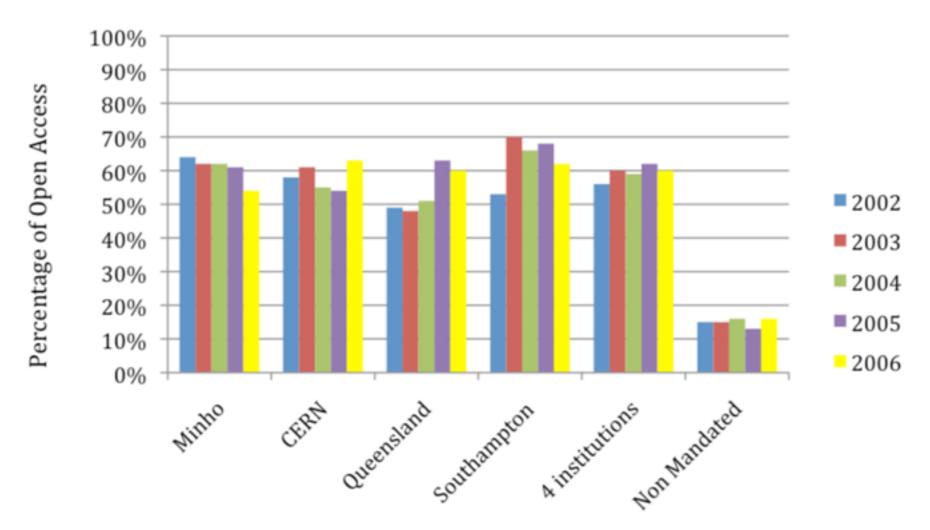
Pioneers

• Soton(2003), QUT(2003), Minho(2004)

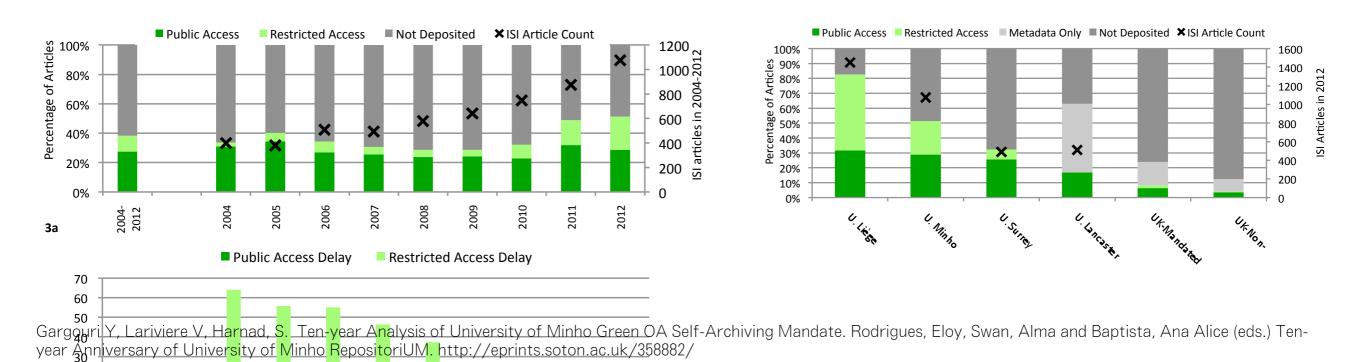
Two major models

- Liège model
 - No deposit No Tenure & Promotion
 - eg. appointments, promotions and budget allocations decisions
- Harvard model
 - Faculties' work: OA as the default
 - Faculty grants permission university

	Immediate Deposit	Retention of Rights		Deposit if/ when
	No Waiver	Author → University	University	publisher permits
e.g	Liege	Harvard	QUT	Soton
Mandates	Y	Y	Y	Y
Immediate deposit	Y	Usually	Usually	Ν
Embargo	Y (Fulltext) immediate OA for metadata	Usually ←	Usually ←	Y Deposit if/ when publisher permits
Right Retention	Optional	Y	Y	Ν
Waiver	N	Y	Y	Ν



Gargouri Y, Hajjem C, Lariviere V, Gingras Y, et al. (2010) Self-Selected or Mandated, Open Access Increases Citation Impact for Higher Quality Research. PLoS ONE 5(10): e13636.

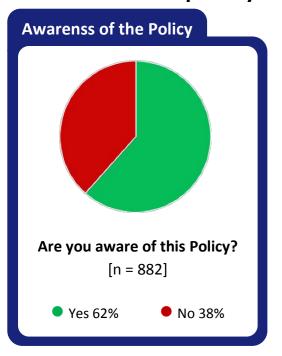


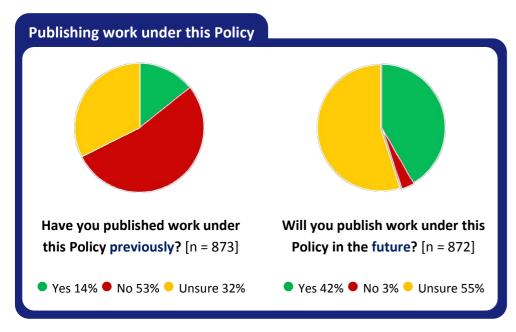
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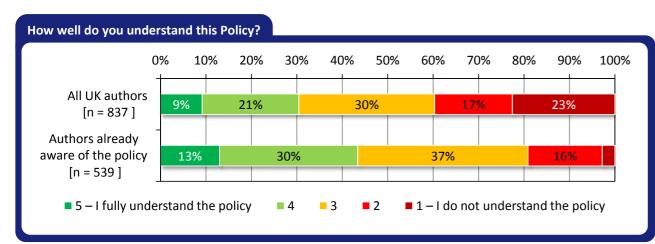
Government & Funder's policy

- Pioneers
 - WT, ERC, NIH, HHMI
- Hot topics
 - UK: Finch Report / HEFCE REF2020
 - Green OA→Gold OA
 - OA as Pre-requisite for Research Assessment
 - USA: OSTP, FASTR, FIRST
 - OSTP
 - Fed agency w/ over \$100M in annual conduct of research and development expenditures must develop a plan for public access
 - CHORUS & SHARE

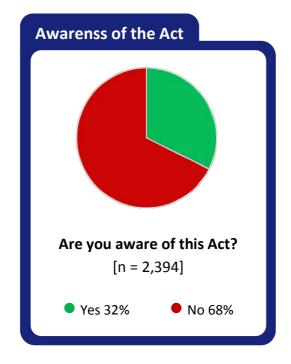
UK · RCUK policy

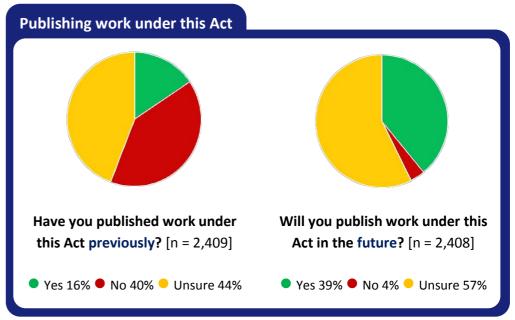


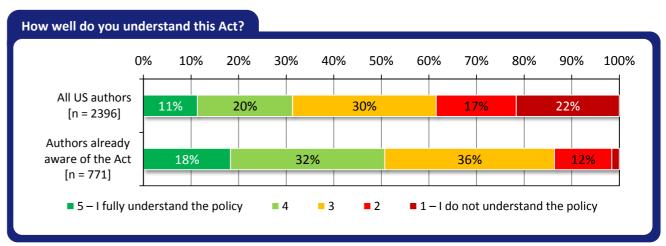


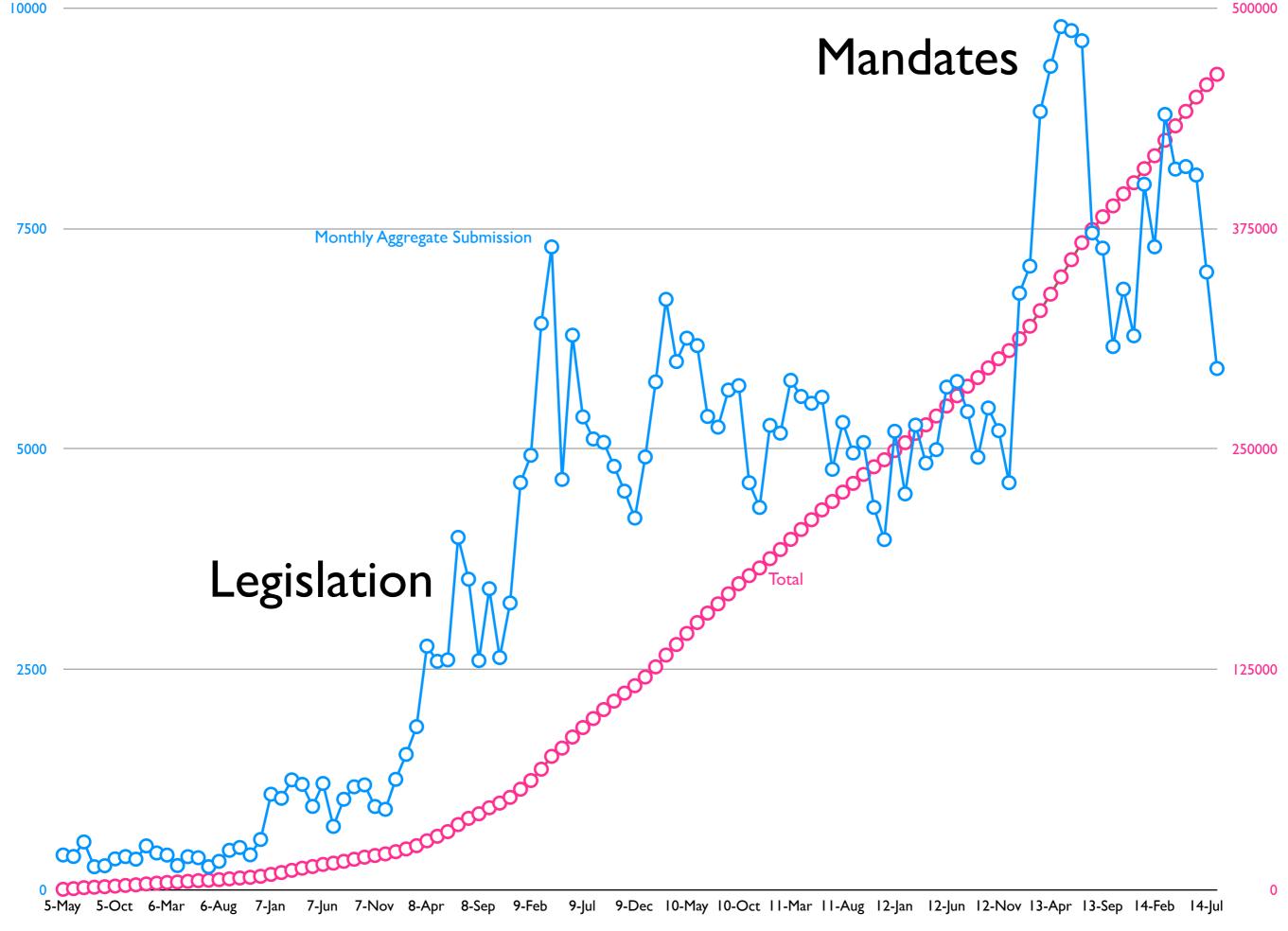


USA · Consolidated Appropriations Act, HR 3547









Japanese OA policy

Thesis

- Okayama U. (2011, Mandate)
- MEXT (2013, Mandate)

University

- Hokkaido U. (2008, Strongly Recommended)
- JAIST (2008, articles in Faculty DB, Deposit in principles)
- Okayama U. (2011, Intramural Research, Mandates)
- Nitech (2012, Articles, Deposit in principles)

Funder

• JST (2013, Funded articles, Recommended)



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Where there is a will, there is a way.











OA mandate by JP gov!? : [Second half goals] OA mandate of research results by public funding. @SHUTOmakoto@MEXTJAPAN











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【下半期の目標】 公的助成による研究成果の〇A義務化







Form	Mandate / Recommendation
Content	Journal Article/Proceedings/Monograph/Data/Metadata
Locus	IR / Subject Repository / Shared Repository
Version	Publisher's PDF/Author Final Manuscript / Preprint
Embargo	Immediate deposit/Embargo/Embargo+Dark Deposit
Waiver	Y/N
Right Retention	University / Author(Faculty)
Compliance	Y/N
Sanction	Y/N
Gold OA	Y/N

Current status of OA policy

Region

- Europe & North America take the lead
 - The rest of world: few funder policy
 - Japanese learned societies: lagging behind major pub/soc

Content

Journal articles + Research data

Type

Green OA + Gold OA

Monitoring & Sanction

Only a few funders(&institutions)

Summary

- "OA policy implementation is a tough job" (Armbruster 2011)
 - Institution-specific culture & politics
 - requiring years of dedicated effort
 - Hita-hita and/or Mandate?
- Failure of Policy
 - Implementation (U of Maryland), Post-implementation(NIH)
 - Sharing experiences (Good Practice, Bad Practice)
- Monitoring compliance
 - Possibility after implementing OA policy
 - Difficulty in capturing the total number and OA rate of research results in a institution

Summary

- Art & Science in OA policy implementation
 - Empirical/heuristic knowledge for implementing policy
 - Knowledge needed in the process and decision making
- To make it happen
 - Objective evidence, Leadership, Assessment (Suber 2012)
 - Policy, Advocacy, Infrastructure
 - Policy's goal, target, procedure
- "Implementing policy is only open up the possibility" (Armbruster 2011)