Parallel Sessions 3: Institutional Open Access Repositories

## Collaboration between Universities and NII on Institutional Repositories

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http://www.nii.ac.jp/en/

### outline

- □ Current landscape of institutional repositories in Japan
- ■NII's support for the promotion of repository
- □ IR-support services by NII
- Towards institutionalization of Open Access in Japan

# Current landscape of institutional repositories in Japan

## Japanese university libraries Now

- Against the rise of E-journal price:
  - Establishment of the nation-wide, comprehensive library consortium (JANUL+PULC) in October 2010
  - This consortium is empowered to the negotiation
- The "Safety Net" for sustainable information acquisition
  - To encourage repository installation
  - To strengthen the archive
  - Advocacy to researchers and faculty
  - ......
- Institutionalization of Open Access mandates

## Two roles of repository in Japan

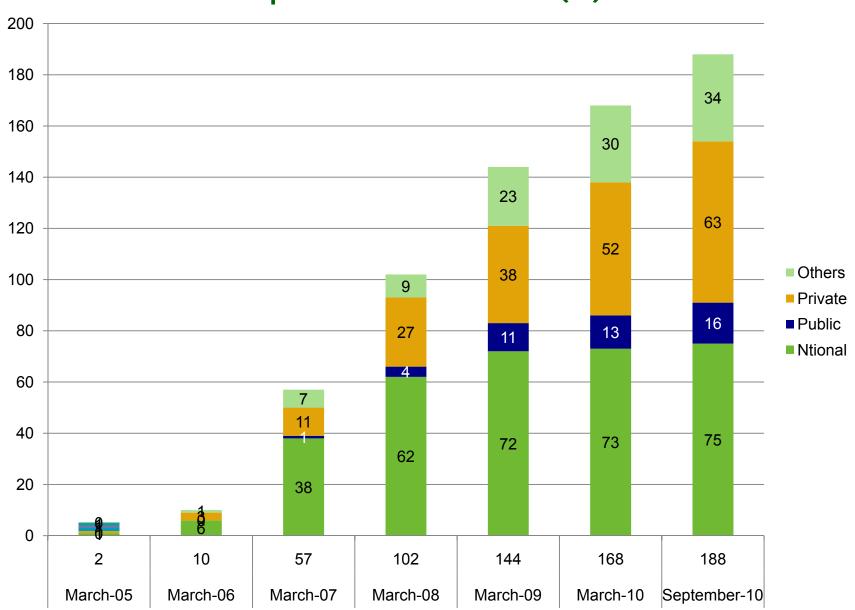
- Self-archiving for the promotion of open access

  Contribution to research community
  - To self-archive articles in E-journal
  - Japan should contribute about 6-10% according to the share in total publications worldwide
- Dissemination of university outcome

Accountability to the society and the public

- dissertations
- university bulletins
- Databases and digital contents related to research

## Expansion of IRs (1)



## Expansion of IRs (2)

Breakdown by kinds of universities and colleges (Sep. 2010)

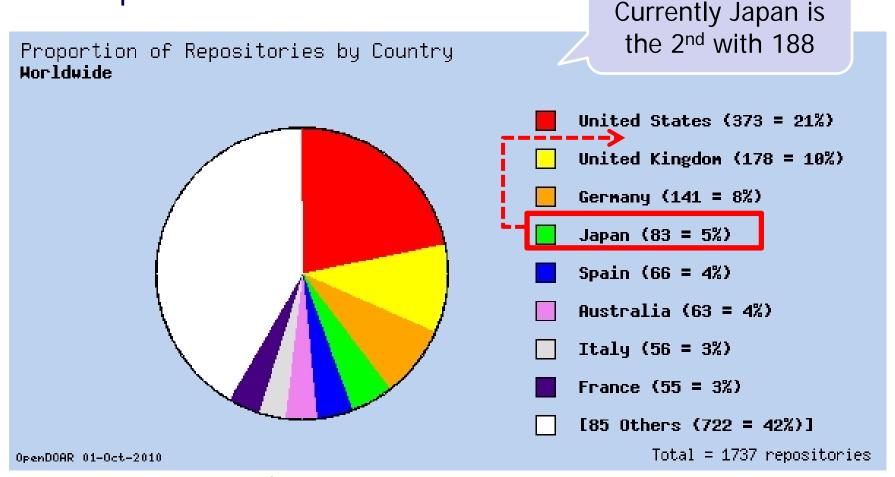
	IRs	Number of universities and colleges	Percentage
	(A)	(B)	(A/B)
National	*75	86	87%
Public	**16	95	17%
Private	***63	597	11%
Subtotal	154	778	20%
Others	****34	-	-
Total	188	-	-

- Regionally shared repository is very effective for middle and small institutions which have difficulties in establishing their own repository.
  - \* include 2 shared repositories
  - \*\* include 8 shared repositories
  - \*\*\* include 31 shared repositories
  - \*\*\*\* include 25 shared repositories
- NII funds the "Shared Repository project (ShaRe)".
  - Leading Institution: Hiroshima University

http://www.lib.hiroshima-u.ac.jp/share/share.html

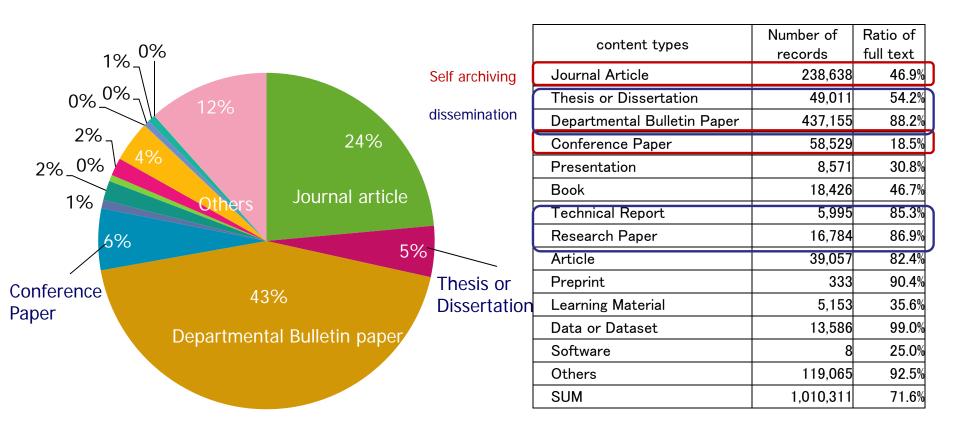
## Expansion of IRs (3)

- World total: 1737
  - Japan is the fourth with 83



Open DOAR: Directory of Open Access Repositories http://www.opendoar.org/ (2010/10/01)

## Increase of materials deposited



Based on NII Institutional Repositories Database Contents Analysis (2010/09/30 Number of Organizations 161, Number of records: 1,010,311)

http://irdb.nii.ac.jp/analysis/index\_e.php

## NII's support for the promotion of repository

## Roles of NII in repository promotion

- To conduct projects that are difficult for an individual institution or a group of institutions
  - Responsibility as an inter-university institute
  - Funding
    - ◆For start-up
    - ◆Research and development
    - ◆Support for IR community activities
  - Adding values over the content of repositories
    - ◆Portal services of repositories
    - ◆ Statistics and evaluation
    - ◆Support tools
  - Liaison with the government and national policy-makers

## **NII-funded Programs**

□ NII-IRP (Institutional Repositories Program)

http://www.nii.ac.jp/irp/en/

■ 1<sup>st</sup> period: FY2005-2007

2<sup>nd</sup> period: FY2008-2009



- 3<sup>rd</sup> period: FY2010-2012
- Three categories of funding
  - Area 1: Content creation for new IRs (24 institutions)
  - Area 2: Research and development (8 projects)
    - ✓ Pilot studies to accelerate the deposit of content (e.g. Theses and Dissertations, Government-funded research publications)
    - Development of new value-added services, etc.
  - Area 3: Support for community activities (on next slide)

## Current projects

- □ NII-IRP (Institutional Repositories Program) 3<sup>rd</sup> period (FY2010-2012)
  - Area 3: Support for community activities (5 projects)
    - ✓ DRF; Community of repository managers (include international collaboration; participation in COAR)
    - ✓ SCPJ; Development of the OA policy of academic societies in Japan (include collaboration with SPARC Japan)
    - ✓ ShaRe; Promote the shared repository, etc.
  - Development of NII's system infrastructure
    - Provide affordable system resources by provisioning cloud computing facilities such as an ASP (Application service provider) services.

## Area 2: Research and development

	Project profile	Univ.
A-1	Dissertation database support package development	Univ. of Tokyo
A-3	Development of automatic document collection and registration workflow system	Kyushu Univ. (Hitotsubashi Univ.)
B-1	Development of new XooNIps / Development and dissemination of Library module	Keio Univ.
B-3	Nationwide historic ruins excavation report repository project	Shimane Univ.
B-4	Permanent identifier verification experiment to introduce an identification function in the open access environment	Kanazawa Univ.
B-5	Standardization and upgrading of institutional repository statistics and assessment tools	Chiba Univ.
B-6	Demonstrative experiment of connecting electronic publishing and repositories in cloud computing environment	Nagoya Univ.
B-8	Development of DML (Digital Mathematical Library)	Hokkaido Univ.

## Area 3: Support for community activities

	Project profile	Univ.
1	Support for institutional repository community activities (DRF)	Hokkaido Univ. (Kanazawa Univ.) (Osaka Univ.)
2	Copyright policy database project (SCPJ) to boost open access and self archiving	Univ. of Tsukuba
3	Development of human resources for institutional repositories	Osaka Univ. (Chiba Univ.)
4	Support for development of an institutional repository community in Kinki region	Osaka Univ. (Nara Women's Univ.)
5	Fostering regional communities for institutional repository (ShaRe2)	Hiroshima Univ.

## More on SCPJ project (1)

### Outline

- Investigate Japanese scholarly societies' open access policies and publicize this information through SCPJ (Societies Copyright Policies in Japan) database.
- http://scpj.tulips.tsukuba.ac.jp/

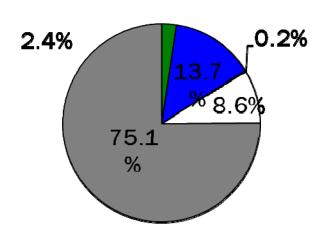
### ■ Two Features of SCPJ database

- The only database that covers OA policies of almost all Japanese academic societies (about 1,800)
- No policy is a policy: to regard responses of "under consideration" or "No response" as one of the policies

## More on SCPJ project (2)

## Color coding of OA policy in SCPJ database

Color	OA policy	Num
Green	Author can archive both Pre-prints & Post-prints	44
Blue	Author can archive only Post-prints	252
Yellow	Author can archive only Pre-prints	4
White	Author can not archive	157
Gray	Under consideration	1,379



## Two updates in 2010

- The OA policy will be displayed not only by academic societies but also by journals
- Repository staff who got approval from the academic societies will be able to update the policy information

#### 学協会著作権ポリシーデータベース

Society Copyright Policies in Japan



学協会の方

図書館の方

| TOP PAGE | SCPJICついて | 論文の著作権 |

#### ポリシーの検索結果

#### 学協会詳細情報: 社団法人日本図書館協会

名称	社団法人日本図書館協会		
ポリシー	■ Green (査読前・査読後どちらでも認める)		
出版社版の利用	出版社版を利用可能です		
公開場所	著作者個人のWebサイト 機関リポジトリ 研究資金助成機関のWebサイト 非営利電子論文アーカイブ		
公開条件	出典表示を行うこと 猶予期間を遵守すること (1ヶ月) 事前に照会を行うこと		
備考	事前照会は文書またはメールにより、事務局まで		
データ確認日	2010/03/12		
WebサイトURL	http://www.jla.or.jp/		

#### 学協会著作権ポリシー一覧

Green

査読前・査読後のど ちらでもよい

Blue

査読後の論文のみ 認める

Yellow

査読前の論文のみ 認める ポリシー別統計

回答・その他

リポジトリへの保存 を認めていない

検討中·非公開·無

登録学協会数 2,164件

(うちGreen81件、Blue449件)

☐ White

Grav

#### ● この学協会が発行する雑誌

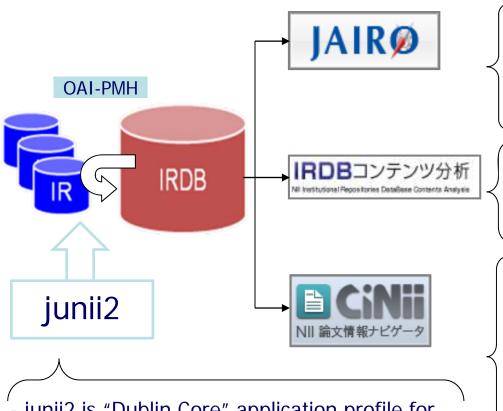
雑誌名	ISSN	ポリシー
■ 図書館雑誌		Green

#### SCPJプロジェクトとは

SCPJプロジェクトとは「オープンアクセスとセルフ・アーカイビングに関する著作権マネジメント・プロジェクト」 の通称で、<mark>国立情報学研究所平成22~24年度CSI委託事業(領域3)</mark>により実施しています。

## IR-support services by NII

## Portal services of Japanese IRs (1) I NII harvests almost all Japanese IRs



- junii2 is "Dublin Core" application profile for institutional repository with an OpenURL compliant schema.
- -It has been adopted by almost all IRs in Japan. http://www.nii.ac.jp/irp/en/archive/pdf/junii2\_en\_20090213.pdf

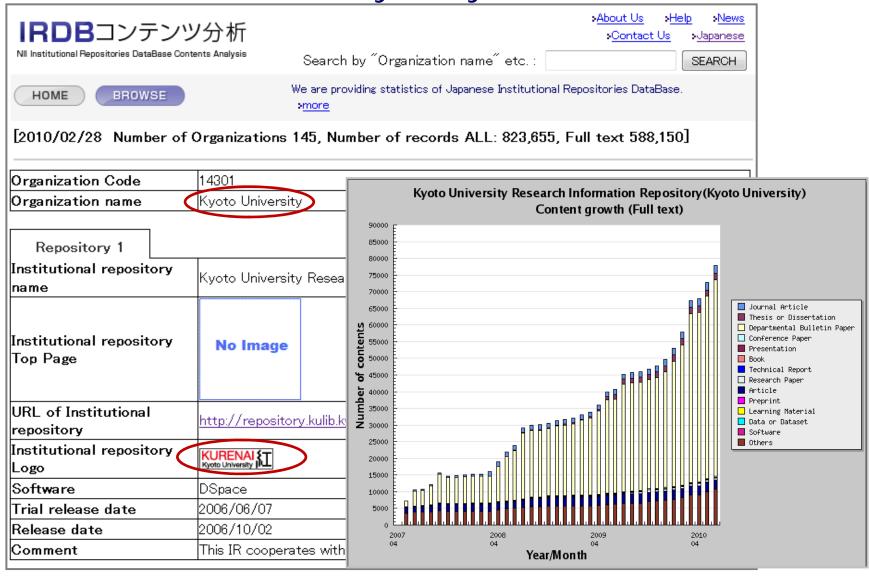
- JAIRO is a "gyroscope" of IR content
- Use it to search all IRs in Japan at once!
- IRDB Content Analysis shows how content is growing and gives details about each IR.
- CiNii is the largest database of academic journal articles in Japan.
- Metadata on journal articles and departmental bulletins goes to CiNii and is linked to the full texts in the IRs.

## Portal services of Japanese IRs (2)

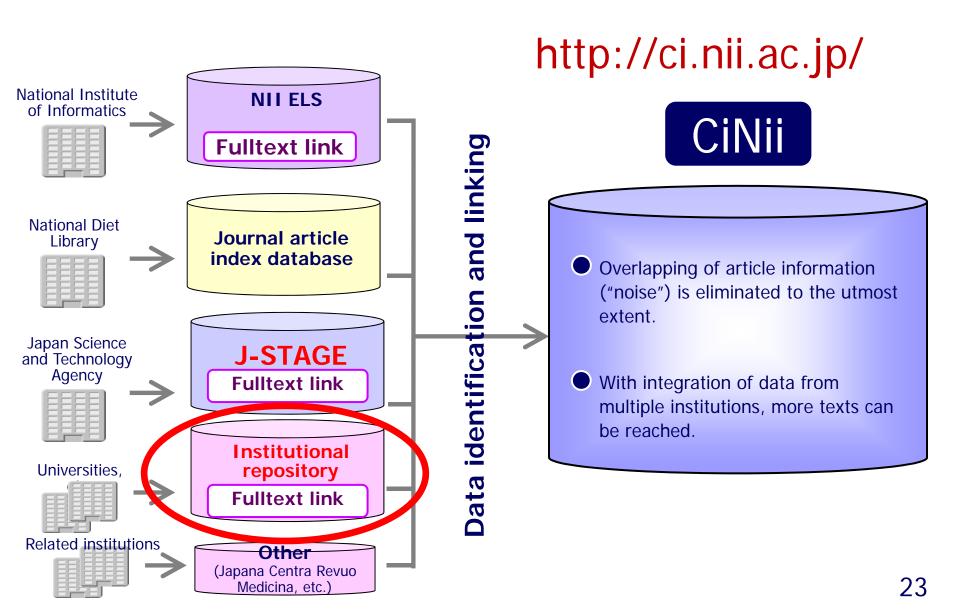
■ JAIRO : Japanese Institutional Repositories Online



## Portal services of Japanese IRs (3) IRDB Content Analysis System

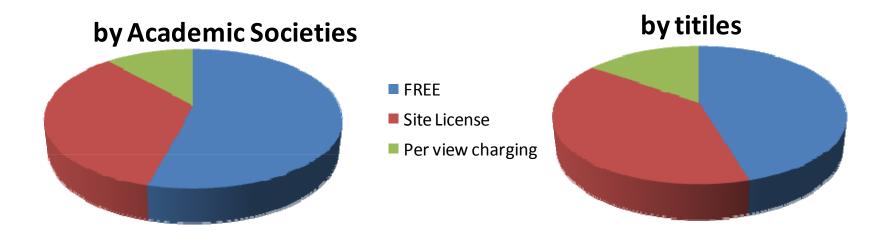


## Metadata Integration of Bibliographic Databases



## Open access to more than half of all full-text articles

About 90% of full-text articles in CiNii are available freely accessed based on institutional fixed-price contracts.



	Conference proceedings	Journal titles	Articles
Completely free	178	462	1,680,000 (62%)
Site License	113	401	771,000 (26%)
Per-view charging	38	156	339,000 (12%)

## Mashups of Services

## ■ Linkage from CiNii metadata to fulltext in IR



# Towards Institutionalization of Open Access in Japan

## What has happened in Japan

- Discussions on the mandate for self-archiving the articles produced by publicly funded research projects
  - Presently, the mention is recommended in project reports when articles are deposited in repositories.

■ National universities must maintain the DBs of faculty publications for evaluation purpose.

### New moves

## In the draft of the next-term basic policy of science and technology:

- To substantialize institutional repositories and to encourage to make more research databases open for more ease of public access to research results
- 2. To promote digitization of research information
- 3. To promote open access to research information not only in STM but in humanities and social sciences
- 4. To support to employ effective measures of efficient and sustainable acquisition of E-journal in universities
- 5. To encourage researchers to deposit research articles in institutional repositories with short abstract for general public

The policy will be finalized by next spring after modifications.

## Summing-up

- International collaboration and harmonization
- More discussion and more advocacy for institutionalization

- Smarter measures to encourage self-archiving
- ☐ Human resources for new activities

## Thank you for your attention!